(BT)

BIOTECHNOLOGY

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Candidates should write their Hall Ticket Number only in the space provided at the top left hand corner of this page, on the leaflet attached to this booklet and also in the space provided on the OMR Response Sheet. BESIDES WRITING, THE CANDIDATE SHOULD ENSURE THAT THE APPROPRIATE CIRCLES PROVIDED FOR THE HALL TICKET NUMBERS ARE SHADED USING H.B. PENCIL ONLY ON THE OMR RESPONSE SHEET. DO NOT WRITE HALL TICKET NUMBER ANY WHERE ELSE.
- 2. Immediately on opening this Question Paper Booklet, check:
 - (a) Whether 200 multiple choice questions are printed (50 questions in Mathematics, 25 questions in Physics, 25 questions in Chemistry and 100 questions in Engineering)
 - (b) In case of any discrepancy immediately exchange the Question paper Booklet of same code by bringing the error to the notice of invigilator.
- 3. Use of Calculators, Mathematical Tables and Log books is not permitted.
- 4. Candidate must ensure that he/she has received the Correct Question Booklet, corresponding to his/her branch of Engineering.
- 5. Candidate should ensure that the booklet Code and the Booklet Serial Number, as it appears on this page is entered at the appropriate place on the OMR Response Sheet by shading the appropriate circles provided therein using H.B. pencil only. Candidate should note that if they fail to enter the Booklet Serial Number and the Booklet Code on the OMR Response Sheet, their Answer Sheet will not be valued.
- 6. Candidate shall shade one of the circles 1, 2, 3 or 4 corresponding question on the OMR Response Sheet using H.B. Pencil only. Candidate should note that their OMR Response Sheet will be invalidated if the circles against the question are shaded using Black / Blue ink pen / Ball pen / any other pencil other than H.B. Pencil or if more than one circle is shaded against any question.
- 7. One mark will be awarded for every correct answer. There are no negative marks.
- 8. The OMR Response Sheet will not be valued if the candidate:
 - (a) Writes the Hall Ticket Number in any part of the OMR Response Sheet except in the space provided for the purpose.
 - (b) Writes any irrelevant matter including religious symbols, words, prayers or any communication whatsoever in any part of the OMR Response Sheet.
 - (c) Adopts any other malpractice.
- 9. Rough work should be done only in the space provided in the Question Paper Booklet.
- 10. No loose sheets or papers will be allowed in the examination hall.
- 11. Timings of Test: 10.00 A.M. to 1.00 P.M.
- 12. Candidate should ensure that he / she enters his / her name and appends signature on the Question paper booklet, leaflet attached to this question paper booklet and also on the OMR Response Sheet in the space provided. Candidate should ensure that the invigilator puts his signature on this question paper booklet, leaflet attached to the question paper booklet and also on the OMR Response Sheet.
- 13. Before leaving the examination hall candidate should return both the OMR Response Sheet and the leaflet attached to this question paper booklet to the invigilator. Failure to return any of the above shall be construed as malpractice in the examination. Question paper booklet may be retained by the candidate.
- 14. This booklet contains a total of 32 pages including Cover page and the pages for Rough Work.

(BT)

Set Code : T2

Booklet Code : A

Note: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries 1 mark. There are no negative marks.
- (3) Answer to the questions must be entered only on OMR Response Sheet provided separately by completely shading with H.B. Pencil, only one of the circles 1, 2, 3 or 4 provided against each question, and which is most appropriate to the question.

MATHEMATICS

1. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then $A^4 =$

- (1) 3I
- (2) 9I
- (3) 271
- (4) 811

2. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & x & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a skew symmetric matrix, then the value of x is

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 4
- 3. What is the number of all possible matrices with each entry as 0 or 1 if the order of matrices is 3×3
 - (1) 64
- (2) 268
- (3) 512
- (4) 256

4. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & i & -i \\ i & -i & 1 \\ -i & 1 & i \end{bmatrix}$$
, then $|A| =$

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 4

- The solution of a system of linear equations 2x y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x y + z = 2 is 5.
 - (1) x = -1, y = -2, z = -3
- (2) x = 3, y = 2, z = 1

(3) x = 2, y = 1, z = 3

- (4) x = 1, y = 2, z = 3
- 6. If $\frac{1}{x^2 + a^2} = \frac{A}{x + ai} + \frac{B}{x ai}$ then $A = \underline{\qquad}$, $B = \underline{\qquad}$.
 - (1) $\frac{1}{2ai}$, $-\frac{1}{2ai}$ (2) $-\frac{1}{2ai}$, $\frac{1}{2ai}$ (3) $\frac{1}{ai}$, $-\frac{1}{ai}$ (4) $-\frac{1}{ai}$, $\frac{1}{ai}$

- 7. If $\frac{2x+4}{(x-1)^3} = \frac{A_1}{(x-1)} + \frac{A_2}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{A_3}{(x-1)^3}$ then $\sum_{i=1}^3 A_i$ is equal to
 - (1) A_{1}
- (2) $2A_{2}$
- (3) $4A_{2}$

- 8. The period of the function $f(x) = |\sin x|$ is
 - (1) π
- (2) 2π
- (3) 3π
- (4) 4π

- If $A+B=45^{\circ}$, then $(1-\cot A) \cdot (1-\cot B)$ is 9.
 - (1) 1
- (2) 0
- (3) 2

- The value of $\sin 78^{\circ} + \cos 132^{\circ}$ is 10.

- (1) $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{4}$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2}$ (3) $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{4}$
- 11. If A+B+C = π , then $\sin 2A + \sin 2B + \sin 2C =$
 - (1) 4 cosA sinB cosC

(2) 4 sinA cosB sinC

(3) 4 cosA cosB cosC

- (4) 4 sinA sinB sinC
- The principal solution of Tanx = 0 is 12.
 - (1) $x = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}$

(2) x=0

(3) $x=(2n+1) \pi/2, n \in \mathbb{Z}$

(4) $x = n\pi + \alpha, n \in \mathbb{Z}$

12	The value of Tan-1	$(2) + Tan^{-1}(3) i$	<
13.	The value of Tail	(2) Tan (3) is	

- $(1) \quad \frac{\pi}{4}$
- (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- $(3) \quad \frac{\pi}{3}$
- $(4) \quad \frac{3\pi}{4}$

14. If the sides of a right angle triangle are in A.P., then the ratio of its sides is

- (1) 1:2:3
- (2) 2:3:4
- (3) 3:4:5
- (4) 4:5:6

15. The value of
$$r.r_1.r_2.r_3$$
 is

- (1) Δ^2
- (2) Δ^{-2}
- (3) Δ^{-3}
- (4) Δ^4

16.
$$\frac{1}{r1} + \frac{1}{r2} + \frac{1}{r3} =$$

- (1) $\frac{1}{r}$
- (2) $\frac{1}{2r}$ (3) $\frac{1}{R}$
- $(4) \quad \frac{1}{\Delta}$

17. If
$$a=6$$
, $b=5$, $c=9$, then the value of angle A is

- (1) $\cos^{-1}(2/9)$
- (2) $\cos^{-1}(2/5)$
- (3) $\cos^{-1}(7/9)$ (4) $\cos^{-1}(1/3)$

18. The polar form of complex number
$$1-i$$
 is

- (1) $\sqrt{2}e^{-i\pi/4}$

- (2) $\sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/4}$ (3) $\sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/2}$ (4) $\sqrt{2}e^{-i\pi/2}$

19. If
$$1, \omega, \omega^2$$
 be the cube roots of unity, then the value of $2^{\omega^3}.2^{\omega^5}.2^{\omega}$ is

- (1) ω
- (2) ω^2
- (3) 1
- (4) 0

20. The intercept made on X-axis by the circle
$$x^2+y^2+2gx+2fy+c=0$$
 is

- (1) $\sqrt{g^2-c}$ (2) $\sqrt{f^2-c}$ (3) $2.\sqrt{g^2-c}$ (4) $2.\sqrt{f^2-c}$

21. If one end of the diameter of the circle
$$x^2+y^2-5x-8y+13=0$$
 is (2, 7), then the other end of the diameter is

- (1) (3, 1)
- (2) (1,3)
- $(3) \quad (-3, -1) \qquad \qquad (4) \quad (-1, -3)$

- 22. The radius of the circle $\sqrt{1+m^2}(x^2+y^2)-2cx-2mcy=0$ is
- (2) 4c
- (3) c/2
- (4) c
- 23. The parametric equations of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{h^2} = 1$ are
 - (1) $x = a \sec \theta, y = b \tan \theta$
- (2) $x = b \sin \theta, y = a \cos \theta$
- (3) $x = a \cos\theta, y = b \sin\theta$

- (4) $x = a \csc\theta, y = b \cot\theta$
- The equation of the directrix of the parabola $2x^2 = -7y$ is
 - (1) 8y+7=0
- (2) 8y-7=0
- (3) 7y+8=0
- (4) 8x-7=0
- 25. The condition for a straight line y = mx + c to be a tangent to the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ is
- (1) c = a/m (2) $c^2 = a^2m^2 b^2$ (3) $c^2 = a^2m^2 + b^2$ (4) $c^2 = a/m$

- 26. $Lt_{x\to 1} \frac{\sqrt{5x-4}-\sqrt{x}}{x-1}$ is
 - (1) 3
- (2) 2
- (3) 4
- (4) 1

- 27. $\log i =$
 - (1) $\pi/2$
- (2) $\pi/4$
- (3) $i\pi/2$
- (4) $i\pi/4$

- 28. $\frac{d}{dx}[\log_7 X] =$

- (1) $\frac{1}{x}$ (2) $X \log_7^e$ (3) $\frac{1}{x} \log_7^e$ (4) $\frac{1}{x} \log_7^e$
- 29. $\frac{d}{dx}[2\cosh x] =$
 - (1) $\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$ (2) $\frac{e^x e^{-x}}{2}$
- (3) $e^x + e^{-x}$ (4) $e^x e^{-x}$

$$30. \quad \frac{d}{dx} \left[\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2} \right) \right] =$$

(1)
$$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$$
 (2) $\frac{-1}{1+x^2}$

(2)
$$\frac{-1}{1+x^2}$$

(3)
$$\frac{2}{1+x^2}$$

(4)
$$\frac{-2}{1+x^2}$$

31. If
$$x = at^2$$
, $y = 2at$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

(1)
$$\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}}$$

(1)
$$\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}}$$
 (2) $\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$ (3) $\sqrt{\frac{a}{x}}$ (4) $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$

(3)
$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{x}}$$

(4)
$$\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$$

32. The derivative of
$$e^x$$
 with respect to \sqrt{x} is

$$(1) \quad \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{e^x}$$

$$(2) \quad 2\sqrt{x}\,e^{x}$$

$$(2) \quad 2\sqrt{x}\,e^x \qquad (3) \quad \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

(4)
$$\sqrt{x}.e^x$$

33. The equation of the normal to the curve
$$y = 5x^4$$
 at the point $(1, 5)$ is

(1)
$$x + 20y = 99$$

(1)
$$x + 20y = 99$$
 (2) $x + 20y = 101$ (3) $x - 20y = 99$ (4) $x - 20y = 101$

(3)
$$x - 20y = 99$$

(4)
$$x - 20y = 101$$

34. The angle between the curves
$$y^2 = 4x$$
 and $x^2 + y^2 = 5$ is

(1)
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

(2)
$$tan^{-1}(2)$$

(3)
$$tan^{-1}(3)$$

(3)
$$tan^{-1}(3)$$
 (4) $tan^{-1}(4)$

35. If
$$u = x^3y^3$$
 then $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y^3} =$

(1)
$$6(x^3+y^3)$$
 (2) $6x^3y^3$

(2)
$$6 x^3 y^3$$

(3)
$$6x^3$$

$$(4) 6y^3$$

36.
$$\int \csc x \, dx =$$

(1)
$$\log(\csc x + \cot x) + C$$

(2)
$$\log(\cot x/2) + C$$

(3)
$$\log (\tan x/2) + C$$

(4)
$$-\csc x \cdot \cot x + C$$

Set Code:	T2
Booklet Code:	A

CHEMISTRY

76.	The	The valency electronic configuration of Phosphorous atom (At.No. 15) is						
	(1)	$3s^2 3p^3$	(2)	$3s^i 3p^3 3d^1$	(3)	$3s^2 3p^2 3d^1$	(4)	$3s^1 3p^2 3d^2$
7 7 .	An e	lement 'A' of At.	No.12	combines with	an elen	nent 'B' of At.No	.17.Т	The compound formed is
	(1)	covalent AB	(2)	ionic AB ₂	(3)	covalent AB ₂	(4)	ionic AB
78.	The number of neutrons present in the atom of ₅₆ Ba ¹³⁷ is							a.
	(1)			137		193	(4)	81
7 9 .	Hyd	rogen bonding ir	wate	r molecule is re				
	(1) decrease in its freezing point			(2)	increase in its degree of ionization			
	(3)	increase in its b	oiling	point	(4)	decrease in its l	ooilin	g point
80.	In th	e HCl molecule,	the bo	onding between	n hydrog	gen and chlorine	is	
								complex coordinate
81.	Pota	ssium metal and	potas	sium ions				
	(1)	both react with	water		(2)	have the same r		
23	(3)	both react with	chlori	ne gas	(4)	have the same of	electro	onic configuration
82.	stan	gms of sodium dard flask. 10 ml or er into 100 ml of s	of this	solution were p	ipetted	out into another f	lask ar	made upto 100 ml in a nd made up with distilled solution now is
	(1)	-0.1 M	(2)	1.0 M	(3)	0.5 M	(4)	0.25 M
83.	Con	centration of a 1	.0 M s	olution of pho	sphoric	acid in water is		
	(1)	0.33 N	(2)	1.0 N	(3)	2.0 N	(4)	3.0 N
84.	Whi	ch of the followi	ng is a	Lewis acid?				
	(1)	Ammonia			(2)	Berylium chlor	ide	
	(3)	Boron trifluori	de		(4)	Magnesium oxi	ide	
	()				14-A			

					Set Code : 1	Z		
W.					Booklet Code : A	1		
85.	Which of the following constitutes the co (1) Potassium chloride and potassium hy (2) Sodium acetate and acetic acid (3) Magnesium sulphate and sulphuric a (4) Calcium chloride and calcium acetat	ydroxid cid	its of a buffer s	solution	?			
86.	Which of the following is an electrolyte? (1) Acetic acid (2) Glucose		Urea	(4)	Pyridine			
87.	Calculate the Standard emf of the cell, $Cd/Cd^{+2}//Cu^{+2}/Cu$ given that E^0 $Cd/Cd^{+2} = 0.44V$ and E^0 $Cu/Cu^{+2} = (-) 0.34$ V.							
	(1) $(-)$ 1.0 V (2) 1.0 V	(3)	(-) 0.78 V	(4)	0.78 V			
88.	A solution of nickel chloride was electrol (1) nickel will be deposited on the anod (3) H ₂ gas will be liberated at the anode	le (2)	Cl ₂ gas will b	e libera	es. After electrolysis ted at the cathode ted on the cathode	3,		
89.	Which of the following metals will undergo oxidation fastest?							
	(1) Cu (2) Li	(3)	Zinc	(4)	Iron			
90.	Which of the following cannot be used for (1) Ozone (3) Potassium Chloride	(2) (4)	rilization of d Calcium Oxy Chlorine wat	chloride	water? e			
91.	A water sample showed it to contain 1.20 terms of calcium carbonate equivalent is	mg/litre	e of magnesiur	n sulpha	ite. Then, its hardnes	s in		
	(1) 1.0 ppm (2) 1.20 ppm	(3)	0.60 ppm	(4)	2.40 ppm			
92.	Soda used in the L-S process for softening	ig of wa	ter is, Chemic	ally.				
-	(1) sodium bicarbonate	(2)	sodium carbo	onate de				
	(3) sodium carbonate	(4)	sodium hydr	oxide (4	.0%)			
93.	The process of cementation with zinc pov	wder is k	known as		1. sturnletins			

(2) zincing

(1) sherardizing

(3) metal cladding (4) electroplating