2011 BT

Test Paper Code: BT

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

A. General:

- 1. This Booklet is your Question Paper. It contains **24** pages and has 100 questions.
- 2. The Question Booklet **Code** is printed on the right-hand top corner of this page.
- 3. The Question Booklet contains blank spaces for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
- 4. Clip board, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phone and electronic gadgets in any form are <u>NOT</u> allowed.
- 5. Write your **Name** and **Registration Number** in the space provided at the bottom.
- 6. All answers are to be marked only on the machine gradable Objective Response Sheet **(ORS)** provided along with this booklet, as per the instructions therein.
- 7. The Question Booklet along with the Objective Response Sheet **(ORS)** must be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.
- 8. Refer to **Special Instruction/Useful Data** on reverse of this sheet.

B. Filling-in the ORS:

- Write your Registration Number in the boxes provided on the upper left-hand-side
 of the ORS and darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your
 Registration Number using a HB pencil.
- 10. Ensure that the **code** on the **Question Booklet** and the **code** on the **ORS** are the same. If the codes do not match, report to the Invigilator immediately.
- 11. On the lower-left-hand-side of the **ORS**, write your Name, Registration Number, Name of the Test Centre and put your signature in the appropriate box with ball-point pen. Do not write these anywhere else.

C. Marking of Answers on the ORS:

- 12. Each question has **4 choices** for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only **ONE** of them is the correct answer.
- 13. On the right-hand-side of **ORS**, for each question number, darken with a **HB Pencil** ONLY one bubble corresponding to what you consider to be the most appropriate answer, from among the four choices.
- 14. There will be **negative marking** for wrong answers.

MARKING SCHEME:

- (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded 3 (Three) marks.
- (b) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded -1 (Negative one) mark.
- (c) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
- (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded **0** (Zero) mark.

Name				
Registration Number				

A
/

Special Instructions/ Useful Data						

Q.1	The <i>lac</i> repressor binds its operator with a $K_d = 10^{-10}$ M. In a strain of <i>E coli</i> , the intracellular repressor concentration is 10^{-12} M. Induction of the <i>lac</i> operon in this strain					
	(A) does not require lac(B) requires lactose(C) requires glucose(D) requires both glucose					
Q.2	The DNA of an organis	m is 0.68 meters. What	is the length of the DNA	in kilobases?		
	(A) 2×10^8	(B) 2×10^6	(C) 2×10^5	(D) 2×10^3		
Q.3	5'- GGA GTATCATT GCA -3' 3'- CCT CATAGTAA CGT- 5'					
	-	The new gene sequence				
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)		
	5'- GGA TTACTATG GCA -3' 3 - CCT AATGATAC CGT- 5'	3' - CCT GTATCATT CGT- 5'	5'- GGA AATGATAC GCA -3' 3' - CCT TTACTATG CGT- 5'			
Q.4		dent light intensity is ab	in a colorimeter. For a 1 sorbed. If the path length			
	(A) 36	(B) 40	(C) 64	(D) 90		
Q.5	Neisseria meningitides	is a				
	(A) Gram +ve bacillus					
	(B) Gram +ve coccus					
	(C) Gram –ve bacillus (D) Gram –ve coccus					
Q.6	An enzyme solution is s	sterilized by				
	(A) use of an autoclave					
	(B) ethylene oxide					
	(C) membrane filtration(D) γ – radiation	l				
Q.7	RNA interference is ind	luced by				
	(A) double strand DNA					
	(B) double strand RNA					
	(C) both double strand I(D) specific proteins	DNA and KNA				
	(D) specific proteins					

Q.8	The detection and estimation of DNA products by Real Time PCR is achieved with					
	(A) Syber Green(B) Ethidium Bromide(C) Acridine Orange(D) Green Fluorescent	protein				
Q.9	A peritrichous arranger	ment of flagella	in bacill	is a		
	(A) single flagellum at(B) single flagellum at(C) cluster of flagella a(D) uniform distribution	each pole t one pole	und the	cell		
Q.10	Fibroblast cells in cultu	re survive limit	ed numb	er of passages due to	,	
	(A) exhaustion of nutri(B) contact inhibition(C) shortening of telom(D) loss of cell adherent	neres				
Q.11	.11 Fetal Bovine Serum is a component of cell culture medium primarily to provide					
	(A) vitamins	(B) growth fac	tors	(C) amino acids	(D) trace elements	
Q.12	Identify the correct combination between the groups					
	Group I		(Group II		
	P. Mast cells		1. Cyt	otoxic effect on tumo	our cells	
	Q. Macrophage		2. Release of histamine			
	R. Natural Killer cells		3. Production of immunoglobulins			
	S. B cells			4. Ingestion of particulate antigen		
	(A) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (B) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2 (C) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4 (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1					
Q.13	Mad cow disease is cau	ised by a				
	(A) bacterium	(B) virus		(C) viroid	(D) prion	
Q.14	The phenomenon in wh	The phenomenon in which one gene inhibits the expression of another gene is called				
	(A) dominance	(B) epistasis		(C) penetrance	(D) expressivity	

Q.15	The major protease involved in apoptosis has at its active site					
	(A) serine	(B) aspartate	(C) cysteine	(D) histidine		
Q.16	The techniques to show that a protein is a homotetramer with a subunit molecular weight of 25 kDa are					
	(A) gel filtration and(B) affinity and ion e(C) SDS-PAGE and g(D) isoelectric focusion	xchange chromatograph gel filtration	у			
Q.17	A phage infects bacte	ria at a multiplicity of i	nfection (moi) of 0.1. Th	is means that		
	(B) one out of 10 bac (C) ten phage infect of	s infected by the phage teria is infected by the pone bacterium bhage population is infe	-			
Q.18	Which one of the foll	owing fatty acids has th	e highest melting temper	rature?		
	(A) Myristate (14:0)	(B) Stearate (18:0)	(C) Oleate (18:1)	(D) Linoleate (18:2)		
Q.19	Which one of the following lipids will NOT form a biological membrane?					
	(A) Phosphatidyl etha(B) Cerebroside(C) Triacylglycerol(D) Sphingomyelin	anolamine				
Q.20	Transketolases and transaldolases are involved in					
Q.21	In which of the following conversion is ATP synthesized by substrate level phosphorylation?					
	 (A) Isocitrate to α-ke (B) α-Ketoglutarate (C) Succinyl CoA to (D) Succinate to fum 	to succinyl CoA succinate				

Q.22	Which one of the following is NOT the function of Photosystem II?					
	(A) ATP synthesis(B) Light collection(C) NADPH synthesis(D) Charge separation					
Q.23	Which one is the INC	ORRECT statement?				
	 (A) Cellulose has β-1. (B) Amylose has α-1. (C) Glycogen has α-1. (D) Chitin has β-1.4 li 	6 linkages ,4 and α–1,6 linkages				
Q.24	O-glycosidic bonds are	e present in				
	(A) only polysaccharic(B) both glycoproteins(C) DNA between bas(D) RNA between bas	e and sugar	;			
Q.25	Under physiological conditions when $[S] \ll K_M$, the catalytic efficiency is estimated by					
	(A) k _{cat}	(B) K _M	(C) k_{cat}/K_M	(D) V _{max}		
Q.26	Diacylglycerol is known to activate					
	(A) phospholipase A	(B) phospholipase C	(C) protein kinase A	(D) protein kinase C		
Q.27	The reagent required to cleave the carboxyl side of methionine is					
	(A) cyanogen bromide	(B) trypsin	(C) chymotrypsin	(D) performic acid		
Q.28	Hormones that act on cells near the point of their synthesis and not transported through blood circulation are					
	 (A) prostaglandins and thromboxane (B) estradiol and cortisol (C) prednisolone and prednisone (D) thyroxine and glucagon 					

Q.29 Match th

Q.30

Q.31

Q.32

Q.33

(A) 1/16

Match the coenzymes in Group I with the corresponding units in Group II							
Gre	oup I	Group II					
P. Q. R. S.	Tetrahydrofolate Biotin FMNH ₂ Coenzyme A	 Acyl Electrons One carbon unit CO₂ 					
(A) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 (B) P-1, Q-4, R-3, S-2 (C) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 (D) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3							
		rown at 40 °C in the presence of a mixture of fatty will be incorporated into the membrane?					
(B) Saturat (C) Unsatu	 (A) Saturated and long chain fatty acids (B) Saturated and short chain fatty acids (C) Unsaturated and short chain fatty acids (D) Unsaturated and long chain fatty acids 						
Which one	of the following statements is I	NCORRECT?					
 (A) Mer B is a bacterial protein similar to eukaryotic actin (B) FtsZ protein found in most of the bacteria is a tubulin homologue (C) AmiC hydrolyzes peptidoglycan to separate daughter cells (D) FtsZ is an inhibitor of Z ring assembly 							
Massive doses of methylene blue are sometimes given for cyanide poisoning. Which one of the following statements is INCORRECT ?							
 (A) Reduction potential of methylene blue is similar to oxygen (B) Cyanide blocks transfer of electrons from cytochrome oxidase to oxygen (C) In cyanide poisoning, all the respiratory chain components become reduced and electron transport stops (D) Methylene blue can reduce the various components of the respiratory chain to restore ATP synthesis 							

children are normal? Assume that the disease causing gene is not sex linked.

(B) 3/16

A disease manifests only in the homozygous recessive condition. A couple has two children. If both parents are heterozygous for the disease causing gene, what is the probability that both the

(C) 9/16

(D) 12/16

Q.34 Match the entries in **Group I** with those in **Group II**

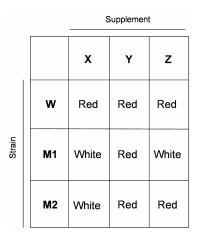
Group I	Group II	
P. GlucagonQ. PrednisoloneR. Prostaglandin E1S. Epinephrine	 Eicosanoid Peptide Catecholamine Steroid 	
(A) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1 (B) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (C) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 (D) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2		

- Q.35 An amino acid has a non-ionizable R group. The pK_a for the NH₂ group is 9.4 and for the COOH group is 2.8. Consider the following statements:
 - **P.** At a pH of 6.1, 50% of the amino acid molecules will migrate towards the cathode when placed between two electrodes
 - **Q.** At a pH of 2.8, 50% of the amino acid molecules in solution are of the form $H_3N C COO^-$
 - **R.** The pI of the amino acid is 6.1
 - **S.** On titration of the amino acid solution with NaOH, the amino group is deprotonated before the carboxylic group

Which **PAIR** of the above statements is **CORRECT**?

 $(A) \ \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R} \qquad \qquad (B) \ \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{S} \qquad \qquad (C) \ \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{R} \qquad \qquad (D) \ \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{S}$

Q.36 A wild type (**W**) strain of a bacterium is red due to the conversion of a colourless precursor **X** to **R**. Two colourless mutants M1 and M2 (with mutations in Gene 1 and Gene 2, respectively) were obtained. The following chart shows the observed colour of the bacterium when grown in a medium supplemented with either X, Y or Z.



Which one of the following describes the correct pathway for red pigment synthesis?

- Q.37 Which one of the following is **NOT** an autoimmune disorder?
 - (A) AIDS
 - (B) Systemic Lupus Erythematosus
 - (C) Rheumatoid Arthritis
 - (D) Myesthenia Gravis
- Q.38 Which one of the following is **NOT** common to both chloroplast and mitochondria?
 - (A) Electron transport
 - (B) Electron donor acceptor pair
 - (C) Proton pump
 - (D) Independent genomes

Q.39 Match the entries in **Group I** with those in **Group II**

Group I	Group II
P. LH	1. Corpus Luteum for production of estrogen and progesterone
Q. hCG	2. Leydig cells for production of testosterone
R. GnRH	3. Sertoli cells for maintenance of spermatogenesis
S. Testosterone	4. Pituitary gonadotrophs for production of LH and FSH
(A) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S (B) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S (C) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S (D) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S	-3 -3

- Q.40 A competitive reversible enzyme inhibitor
 - (A) increases K_M, decreases V_{max}
 - (B) increases V_{max}, decreases K_M
 - (C) increases K_M , does not change V_{max}
 - (D) increases V_{max} , does not change K_{M}

Q.41 Consider the following statements

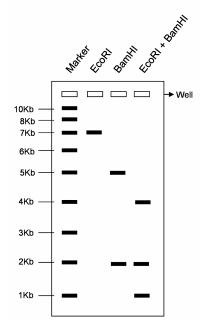
Statement 1: A sudden 100 meter sprint by an athlete will increase the pH of blood.

Statement 2: Fate of pyruvate under anaerobic condition in skeletal muscle is lactate.

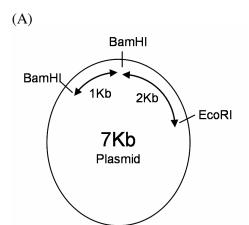
Which one of the following statement is **TRUE**?

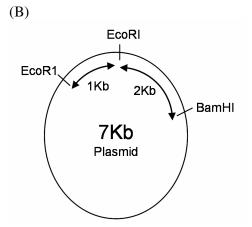
- (A) Statement 1 and 2 are correct and 1 is the outcome of 2
- (B) Statement 2 is incorrect and statement 1 is correct
- (C) Statement 1 and 2 are correct and 1 is not the outcome of 2
- (D) Statement 2 is correct and statement 1 is incorrect

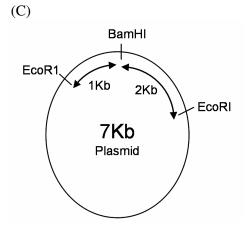
Q.42 A 7 kb circular plasmid was completely digested with either *Eco*RI or *Bam*HI or both. The digestion pattern is shown below.

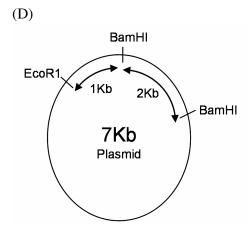


Which one of the following is the **CORRECT** restriction map of the plasmid?

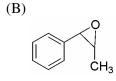


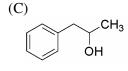


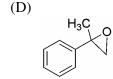




- Q.43 Mitochondria were isolated and permeabilized with a detergent. They were incubated with succinate, ADP and P_i in the presence of O₂. ATP synthesis and O₂ consumption were measured. Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?
 - (A) ATP synthesis will occur but O2 consumption will not occur
 - (B) O₂ consumption will occur but ATP synthesis will not occur
 - (C) Both O2 consumption and ATP synthesis will occur
 - (D) Both O₂ synthesis and ATP synthesis will not occur
- Q.44 The frequency of occurrence of a disease is one in a million individuals. This disease results from the homozygosity in a recessive allele. The population satisfies all the assumptions of the Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium. The frequency of the dominant allele and frequency of carriers of the disease respectively are
 - (A) 0.9 and 0.19
 - (B) 0.09 and 0.019
 - (C) 0.999 and 0.0019
 - (D) 0.009 and 0.00019
- Q.45 Identify the major product of the following reaction







- Q.46 Which one of the following compounds is optically active?
 - (A) CH₃
- (B) CH₃
- (C) CH₃
- (D) CH₃
- Q.47 Which one of the following compounds shows a fragmentation peak corresponding to an enolic species (m/z = 58) in the mass spectrum?
 - $\begin{array}{c} \text{(A)} \\ \text{H}_{3}\text{C} & \text{CH}_{3} \end{array}$
- H₃C CH₃ CH₃
- (C)
- $(D) \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \bigcirc \text{CH}_3$

Q.48 Correlate the reactions in **Group I** with the reagent(s) and condition(s) in **Group II**

Group I

Group II

P.

$$H_3C$$
 CH_3

1. Excess CH₃I; Ag₂O, H₂O; heat

 \mathbf{Q} . $H_3\mathbf{C}$ $\stackrel{+}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{-}{\cap}$ $N_2\stackrel{-}{\cap}$ $\stackrel{-}{\longrightarrow}$ \mathbb{C} H_3

2. H₃PO₂, H₂O

R. H_3C CH_3 CH_3C CH_2

3. NaOH, H₂O; heat

4. $CH_2 = PPh_3$

(A) **P-4**, **Q-3**, **R-2**

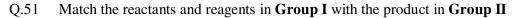
(C) P-4, Q-3, R-1

(B) **P-3**, **Q-1**, **R-4**

(D) P-3, Q-2, R-1

- Q.49 Synthetic rubber Buna-N is a copolymer of
 - (A) 1,3-butadiene and acrylonitrile
 - (B) 2-chloro-1,3-butadiene and acetonitrile
 - (C) 2-chloro-1,3-butadiene and acrylonitrile
 - (D) 1,3-butadiene and acetonitrile
- Q.50 Arrange the following compounds in the increasing order of their reactivity towards hydrolysis

- (A) $\mathbf{R} < \mathbf{S} < \mathbf{P} < \mathbf{Q}$
- (B) P < R < S < Q
- (C) P < R < Q < S
- (D) R < P < S < Q



Group I **Group II** P. CH₃CD₂OH 1. Q. 2. CH₃CHDOD R. CH₃CH₂OD **3.** 4. CH₃CHDOH (A) P-2, Q-4, R-1 (B) P-4, Q-1, R-2 (D) P-4, Q-3, R-1 (C) P-1, Q-3, R-4

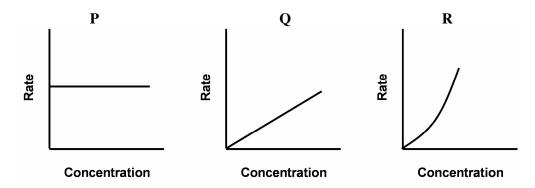
- Q.52 The total number of isomers exhibited by the complexes, $[Co(en)_2Br]^+$ and $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}$, respectively, are
 - {'en' is ethylene diamine}
 - (A) 3 and 2
- (B) 2 and 2
- (C) 2 and 3
- (D) 3 and 3
- Q.53 The order in which Δ_0 increases for the homoleptic octahedral complexes of Fe³⁺ is
 - (A) $F^- < Br^- < CN^- < NCS^-$
 - (B) $Br^- < F^- < NCS^- < CN^-$
 - $(C) F^{-} < CN^{-} < Br^{-} < NCS^{-}$
 - (D) $Br^- < NCS^- < F^- < CN^-$
- Q.54 The spin-only magnetic moments of $[Fe(CN)_6]^{4-}$ and $[FeCl_6]^{3-}$ in Bohr magnetons respectively, are
 - (A) 0 and 1.73
- (B) 4.73 and 5.73
- (C) 0 and 5.73
- (D) 4.73 and 1.73
- Q.55 A dilute solution of MnCl₂ is almost colourless. The reason for this is
 - (A) only spin forbidden transition
 - (B) only Lapporte forbidden transition
 - (C) odd number of unpaired spins
 - (D) both spin and Lapporte forbidden transition
- Q.56 *Nitrobacter* oxidizes nitrite to nitrate. The number of electrons involved in this oxidation process is
 - (A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

- Q.57 The bond order in carbon monoxide (CO) decreases from three, when bonded to transition metals in their low oxidation states, because
 - (A) π electrons of CO are donated to metal center
 - (B) σ electrons of CO are donated to metal center
 - (C) p electrons of metal center are transferred to empty π orbitals of CO
 - (D) d electrons of metal center are transferred to empty π^* orbitals of CO
- Q.58 For [ICl₄]⁻, the number of lone pairs present on the central atom, and the shape of the ion respectively, are
 - (A) 2, octahedral
 - (B) 1, trigonal bipyramidal
 - (C) 1, square pyramidal
 - (D) 0, tetrahedral
- Q.59 The **CORRECT** orders of the reactions deduced from the graphs given below, are



- (A) P First order, Q Zero order, R Half order
- (B) \mathbf{P} Zero order, \mathbf{Q} First order, \mathbf{R} Second order
- (C) **P** Pseudo-first order, **O** Second order, **R** Third order
- (D) **P** Second order, **Q** First order, **R** Zero order
- Q.60 A large hot water bath at a constant temperature of 360 K is kept in the laboratory. The water bath loses 60 Joules of heat energy to the surroundings which is at 300 K. Assuming that the heat transfer is a reversible process, the total entropy change (in J K⁻¹) would be
 - (A) + 0.33
- (B) 0.033
- (C) + 0.20
- (D) + 0.033
- Q.61 The equilibrium constant for the reaction, $N_2(g) + 3 H_2(g) \leftrightarrows 2 NH_3(g)$ at 298 K, is K_p . The equilibrium constant for the reaction, $1/2 N_2(g) + 3/2 H_2(g) \leftrightarrows NH_3(g)$, at the same temperature is
 - (A) $K_p^{1/2}$
- (B) K_p
- $(C) K_p^2$
- (D) $K_{p}/2$
- Q.62 The value of the equilibrium constant of an electrochemical cell reaction is 10 and its standard e.m.f. is 0.0148 V at 298 K. The number of electrons transferred in the overall cell reaction is
 - (A) 2

(B) 1

(C)4

(D) 3

	(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4			
Q.64	An aqueous solution co formate. The pH of this	ic acid (pKa = 3.8) and (0.1 mol of sodium				
	(A) 3.8	(B) 4.8	(C) 2.8	(D) 1.8			
Q.65	An electron is released with a speed of 1600 m s^{-1} in the x-y plane. There is a uniform magnetic field of 1×10^{-3} T along the z- direction. The radius of the circular path that the electron will traverse will be close to (Mass of the electron = 9×10^{-31} Kg, Charge of the electron = 1.6×10^{-19} C)						
	(A) 10 nm	(B) 10 µm	(C) 10 mm	(D) 10 m			
Q.66		e kinetic energy of the b	rds with a velocity of 10 all as it hits the ground i				
	(A) 1 J	(B) 15 J	(C) 150 J	(D) 1500 J			
Q.67	Q.67 A slab of material is kept within a region of a constant uniform electrostatic field (E _{ou} materials given in Group I , choose the CORRECT option from Group II that descrifield inside (E _{in}) the slab						
	Group I	Group II					
	P. Conductor Q. Dielectric	1. $E_{in} = 0$ 2. $E_{in} < E_{out}$ 3. $E_{in} > E_{out}$ 4. $E_{in} = E_{out}$					
	(A) P-1 and Q-2 (B) P-2 and Q-4 (C) P-4 and Q-3 (D) P-3 and Q-1						
Q.68	In reverse bias, the current in a p-n junction diode is negligible because the						
	(A) currents due to the(B) current is only due(C) current due to the nature(D) current due to the nature						

The difference in the number of nodes for the quantum numbers n = 4 and n = 1, for a 1-D box

Q.63

Q.69	Exposure to X-rays is considered harmful due to their ability to ionize molecules in tissue. The following property of X-rays is directly responsible for this aspect					
	(A) X-rays have(B) X-rays have(C) X-rays travel(D) The magneti	-	0 ⁸ m s ⁻¹ K-rays is large			
Q.70	The electrical resistance of a metallic wire decreases with					
	(B) decreasing te(C) increasing te	mperature and increasing mperature and decreasing mperature and decreasing emperature and increasing mperature and increa	ng radius of the wire ng radius of the wire			
Q.71	A stone of mass	m is tied to a string of 1	length l and is rotated in	the horizontal plane at a		
	constant angular	velocity ω . When the le	ength of the string is decre	eased to $\frac{l}{2}$, the angular		
	velocity become	S				
		(D)	(C) 2	(D) 4 ::		
	(A) $\frac{\omega}{2}$	(B) <i>ω</i>	(C) 2\alpha	(D) 4a		
Q.72	A stick partially interface because		d glass of water appears b	proken at the air-water		
	(A) refraction of(B) total internal(C) diffraction of(D) dispersion of	reflection f light				
Q.73	Two independent and identical circular conducting loops have radius r . They are symmetrically placed parallel to the x-y plane about the z- axis with their centers at $(0,0,\pm z_0)$. The currents in the loops are equal and counter-propagating. The magnetic field along the z-direction (B_z) at the origin is					
	(B) non-zero, and (C) non-zero, and	d two times the B_z field half the B_z field produced half the B_z field half the B_z fiel	e individual loops cancel I produced by the individual uced by the individual lood I produced by the individ	ual loops op		

the minimum distance is d_2 and the corresponding tangential velocities are V_1 and V_2	2
respectively. The ratio of the velocities at these distances is	

- (A) $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{d_1}{d_2}$ (B) $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \sqrt{\frac{d_2}{d_1}}$ (C) $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{d_2}{d_1}$ (D) $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = 1$

- Q.75 The dimensions of the ratio $\frac{Stress}{Strain}$ are
 - (A) $ML^{-4}T^{-2}$
- (B) $ML^{-1}T^{-2}$ (C) $ML^{-2}T^{-1}$
- (D) $ML^{-2}T^{-2}$
- A large aircraft of mass 10^5 Kg travels at a speed of 600 km per hour. Assuming the surface 0.76 area to be 600 m², the percentage difference between the speed of air on the upper and the lower surface of the aircraft is (acceleration due to gravity = 10 m s^{-2} , air density = 1.2 Kg m^{-3})
 - (A) 5%
- (B) 25%
- (C) 50%
- (D) 95%
- The surface temperature of the Sun is around 6000 K and its peak wavelength of emission is Q.77 5000 Å. Given that the temperature of the Moon surface is 200 K, the peak wavelength of the radiation from the Moon is
 - (A) 3000 Å
- (B) 1200 Å
- (C) $15 \, \mu m$
- (D) $60 \mu m$
- 0.78Two waves on a string have a displacement given by $y_1 = y_0 \sin(kx - \omega t)$ and $y_2 = y_0 \cos(kx - \omega t + \phi)$

If superposition of these waves results in a **null** displacement, then what should be the choice of ϕ ?

(A) $\phi = 0$

(B) $\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$

(C) $\phi = \pi$

- (D) Such a ϕ is not possible
- Q.79 An optical communication system operating at 1.5 µm is used to transmit a number of audio channels of bandwidth 8 KHz. Supposing that 1% of the optical source frequency is the available channel bandwidth, the number of audio channels that can be accommodated are
 - (A) 10
- (B) 10^4
- (C) 10^8
- (D) 10^{12}

Q.80 Consider the following statements

Statement 1: The large energy released in a nuclear fission reaction is due to the extraction of the binding energies of the nucleons.

Statement 2: The coulomb binding energies are comparable to the nuclear binding energy at an inter-nucleon distance of 1 femtometer.

- (A) Statement 1 and 2 are true, and 2 is the correct explanation for 1
- (B) Statement 1 and 2 are true, and 2 is not the correct explanation for 1
- (C) Statement 1 is false and the statement 2 is true
- (D) Statement 1 is true and the statement 2 is false
- Q.81 Match the elements in **Group II** that are used widely in the devices listed in **Group I**

Group I	Group II		
P. Detector	1. Soft-iron core		
Q. Rectifier	2. Polymer		
R. Transformer	3. Photodiode		
S. Amplifier	4. Diode		
•	5. Transistor		
(A) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3		(B) P-2 , Q-5 , R-1 , S-4	
(C) P-1, Q-2, R-5, S-3		(D) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-5	

- Q.82 The wattage rating of **Heater I** and **Heater II** are marked as 500 W and 1000 W, respectively and are specified for operation at 200 V. Both these heaters are connected in series to a 200 V dc supply. Which one of them will produce more heat and what is the total heat generated?
 - (A) Heater I produces more heat, and the total heat generated is 333 W
 - (B) Heater I produces more heat, and the total heat generated is 1500 W
 - (C) Heater II produces more heat, and the total heat generated is 333 W
 - (D) Heater II produces more heat, and the total heat generated is 1500 W
- Q.83 For a real number x, let [x] denote the greatest integer less than or equal to x. Let K be a real number and the function f is defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} [x \sin(\pi x/2)] & \text{for } x < 1, \\ Kx + 1 & \text{for } x \ge 1. \end{cases}$

If $\lim_{x\to 1} f(x)$ exists, then the value of f(2) is equal to

$$(A) -2$$
 $(B) -1$ $(C) 1$

Q.84 The area of a circle is increasing at the rate of $10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$. If the initial area is 1 cm^2 , then the time at which the perimeter of the circle equals $\sqrt{10\pi}$ cm is

(D) 2

(A) $\frac{1}{4} \sec$ (B) $\frac{3}{20} \sec$ (C) $\frac{2\pi - 5}{20} \sec$ (D) $\frac{2}{5} \sec$

Q.85	The value of the integral $\int_{0}^{2\pi} (1 + \sin x + \sin^2 x) dx$ is						
	(A) 0	(B) π	(C)	2π	(D) 3π		
Q.86	Three balls were chosen randomly from a bag containing 4 white balls and 6 red balls. The probability that exactly 2 white balls and 1 red ball were chosen is equal to						
	(A) $\frac{1}{12}$	(B) $\frac{1}{10}$	(C)	$\frac{3}{10}$	(D) $\frac{2}{3}$		
Q.87	Consider the following statement						
	"All peacocks dance and some elephants sing."						
	Which one of the following statements is the NEGATION of the above?						
	 (A) Some peacocks sing and all elephants dance (B) All peacocks do not dance and some elephants do not sing (C) All peacocks sing and some elephants do not dance (D) Some peacocks do not dance or all elephants do not sing 						
Q.88	The total number of relations on the set $\{a,b,c\}$ is equal to						
	(A) 2^3	(B) 2^6	(C)	29	(D) 2^{12}		
Q.89		In that $1+2i$ and 2 are roots of the cubic equation $x^3-4x^2+9x+K=0$ where K is a real per, then the value of K is equal to					
	(A) - 10	(B) - 6	(C)	6	(D) 10		
Q.90	A frog is moving along a straight line by jumping. It always jumps the same distance which is a natural number. If the frog touches the ground exactly 12 times in a stretch of 90 units length, the size of each step is						
	(A) 6 units	(B) 7 units	(C)	8 units	(D) 9 units		

Q.85

Q.91
The value of the determinant
$$\begin{vmatrix} x & 2y & -3z \\ x^2 & 2y^2 & -3z^2 \\ x^3 & 2y^3 & -3z^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
 is

- (A) xyz(x-y)(x-z)(z-y)
- (B) xyz(y-x)(x-z)(z-y)
- (C) 6xyz(x-y)(y-z)(z-x)
- (D) 6xyz(y-x)(x-z)(z-y)
- Q.92 Let l, k be real numbers such that the following non-homogeneous system of linear equations is consistent.

$$5x + 2y + 5z = 7$$

$$2x + z = l$$

$$2y + 2z - x = k$$

Then l and k satisfy

(A)
$$k + 3l = 7$$

(B)
$$k = 0$$
 and $l = 1$

(C)
$$k = 1$$
 and $l = 0$

(D)
$$2l - k = 7$$

- Q.93 If the straight lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{2-y}{3} = \frac{3z-2}{2}$ and $\frac{2x-1}{3} = \frac{y+1}{k} = \frac{5-z}{5}$ are perpendicular to each other, then the value of k is equal to
 - (A) $-\frac{16}{3}$ (B) $-\frac{4}{3}$ (C) $-\frac{8}{9}$
- (D) $-\frac{1}{0}$
- Q.94 The value of $\cos \left(\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \sin^{-1}\left(-1\right)\right)$ is equal to
 - (A) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- (B) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- (C) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Q.95 Consider the following data

The mean deviation about the mean for the above data is equal to

- (A) $\frac{13}{6}$
- (B) $\frac{7}{2}$
- (C) $\frac{15}{6}$
- (D) $\frac{8}{3}$
- The area of the triangle whose vertices have the coordinates (2,6), (0,0) and (3,1) is Q.96
 - (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ sq. units (B) $\frac{3}{2}$ sq. units
- (C) 8 sq. units
- (D) 10 sq. units

- The coordinates of a point that divides the line segment joining the points (-1, 2) and (1, -4)Q.97 internally in the ratio 2:3 are
 - (A) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{2}{5}\right)$ (B) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{8}{5}\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -1\right)$ (D) $\left(\frac{7}{5}, -\frac{11}{5}\right)$

- For x > 0, define $f(x) = x^2 3x 4$. Invoking the chain rule, the derivative of the inverse Q.98 function f^{-1} at x = 0 is
 - (A) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{5}$
- (C) 3
- (D) -5
- Q.99 Let K be a real number and let the function F be defined by $F(x) = \int_{1}^{x^2} (K t^2 + t + 1) dt$. If the derivative of F at x = 1 is π , then the value of K is equal to
 - (A) $2\pi 3$
- (B) $\frac{3}{2}(2\pi 3)$ (C) $\frac{\pi 4}{2}$
- (D) $\pi 2$
- Q.100 The maximum value of the function $f(x) = \sin(\pi x) \pi x + 2$ on the interval [-1,1] is equal to
 - (A) 2π
- (B) $\pi + 2$
- (C) 2

(D) 4