## MODEL QUESTION PAPER MATHEMATICS – Paper II A (Algebra, Probability)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 75

## Section – A

I. Very Short Answer Questions Attempt all Questions. Each Question carries 2 marks.

 $10 \ge 2 = 20$  Marks

- 1. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of the equation  $2x^2 + 3y^2 + 6 = 0$  find the quadratic equation whose roots are  $\alpha^3$  and  $\beta^3$ .
- 2. If the roots of the equation  $x^3 3x^2 6x + 8 = 0$  are in A.P. find them.

3. If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ & \\ -1 & k \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ & \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  find the value of k.

4. Find the value of the determinant of 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & w & w^2 \\ w & w^2 & 1 \\ w^2 & 1 & w \end{pmatrix}$$
 where  $w^3 = 1$ .  
5. If  ${}^nP_4 = 1680$  find '*n*'.

6. If 
$${}^{21}C_{2r+1} = {}^{21}C_{r-4}$$
 find 'r'.

7. Find the term independent of 'x' in



- 8. If a card is drawn at random from a pack of cards, what is the probability that it is an ace or a diamond.
- 9. Find the sum of the infinite series

10. In a Binominal distribution if the sum of the mean and the variance is 1.8 find the distribution when n = 5.

## Section – B

- II. Short Answer Questions Attempt any five questions. Each question carries 4 marks 5 x 4 = 20 Marks
- 11. If x is real show that the values of the expression  $x^2 34x 71$  do not lie between 5 and 9.  $x^2 + 2x - 7$
- 12. For  $1 < r \le n$  prove, with usual notation, that

 ${}^{n}C_{r-1} + {}^{n}C_{r} = {}^{(n+1)}C_{r-1}$ find 'r'.

(2*n*)!

13. Prove that  $C_0C_r + C_1C_{r+1} + C_2C_{r+2} + \dots + C_{n-r}C_n = \frac{(n-r)!(n+r)!}{(n+r)!}$ 

14. Find the partial fractions of

(2x-1)(x+2)(x-3)

15. Sum the series  $log_3e - log_9e + log_{27}e - log_{81}e + \dots$ 

16. If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 then show that  $A2 - 4A - 5I = O$ .

17. If two numbers are selected randomly from 20 consecutive natural numbers find the probability that the sum of the two numbers is(i) an even number (ii) an odd number.

## Section - C

- II.Long Answer Questions $5 \ge 7 = 35$  MarksAttempt any five questions. Each question carries 7 marks
- 18. Solve  $x^3 18x 35 = 0$  by using Cardan's method.
- 19. Find the number of ways of selecting 11 members for a cricket team from 7 batsmen, 5 bowlers and 3 wicket keepers having atleast 3 bowlers and 2 wicket keepers.

21. Solve by Gauss-Jordan method, the system of equations :

$$x + y + z = 6$$
$$2x + 3y - z = 3$$
$$3x + 5y + 2z = 19$$

22. Show that  

$$\begin{vmatrix} a-b-c & 2a & 2a \\ 2b & b-c-a & 2b \\ 2c & 2c & c-a-b \end{vmatrix} = (a+b+c)^3$$

23. State and prove Bayes' Theorem.

24. If X is a random variable with the probability distribution

$$P(X = k) = \frac{(k+1)C}{2^k}$$
 (k = 0,1,2,....) then find C and also the

mean of X.

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