

Group II - 2011
Paper II (AP History & Polity)
Booklet Series - C

Q1	Q2
<p>1. Some of the rights given to the states by the state: Preamble of the</p> <p>(1) Statehood & Territory</p> <p>(2) Statehood & Territory</p> <p>(3) Statehood & Territory</p> <p>(4) Statehood & Territory</p>	<p>6. The article of the constitution which</p> <p>(1) work</p> <p>(2) Provision</p> <p>(3) Provision</p> <p>(4) Provision</p>
<p>2. The right of equality demands</p> <p>(1) Equality</p> <p>(2) Equality</p> <p>(3) Equality</p> <p>(4) Equality</p>	<p>7. Special provisions for women and children in the constitution of</p> <p>(1) Article 14</p> <p>(2) Article 15</p> <p>(3) Article 16</p> <p>(4) Article 17</p>
<p>3. Active discrimination</p> <p>(1) Discrimination</p> <p>(2) Discrimination</p> <p>(3) Discrimination</p> <p>(4) Discrimination</p>	<p>8. The following are the provisions of</p> <p>(1) Discrimination</p> <p>(2) Discrimination</p> <p>(3) Discrimination</p> <p>(4) Discrimination</p>
<p>4. The following are the provisions of</p> <p>(1) Discrimination</p> <p>(2) Discrimination</p> <p>(3) Discrimination</p> <p>(4) Discrimination</p>	<p>9. The following are the provisions of</p> <p>(1) Discrimination</p> <p>(2) Discrimination</p> <p>(3) Discrimination</p> <p>(4) Discrimination</p>

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10. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക

- (1) ചെറുകുടുംബങ്ങളിലെ
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (3) കുടുംബം
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

11. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക: 10 വർഷങ്ങൾ

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (2) കുടുംബങ്ങളിലെ
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

12. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

13. ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം

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14. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക: 10 വർഷങ്ങൾ

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

15. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക: 10 വർഷങ്ങൾ

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം

16. അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുക

- (1) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (2) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (3) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ
- (4) ദാരിദ്ര്യം കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങൾ

16. Article _____ empowers the Supreme Court to issue writs

1. Article 226
2. Article 32
3. Article 33
4. Article 34

17. The words 'State' in Article 32 means

1. The Government
2. State authority
3. Law authority
4. Police authority

18. A writ of Habeas Corpus

1. is to bring up the records from lower court for consideration of the superior court.
2. is to restrict the State in case of release of prisoner
3. is to ensure natural justice
4. is based on recognition of habeas corpus

19. The remedy against abuse of the power of the State is provided by

1. writ remedy against judicial and administrative bodies
2. writ remedy against legislative or executive
3. writ remedy against State Government
4. writ remedy administered by courts

20. In a writ of mandamus, the writ is issued to

1. State
2. Individual
3. Government
4. None of these

21. In the case of *Pradyuman Singh vs. State of Punjab*, the Supreme Court has issued instructions regarding to prevent

1. Illegal detention
2. Torture in Police custody
3. Search by police without warrants
4. Illegal interception of working of courts in places of work

22. The 42nd Amendment Act

1. is retrospective
2. operates from 1972
3. is subject to law
4. is a procedural law

23. The committee appointed during 20th. Indra Gandhi leadership to review the state of state relations is

1. N. C. Chhibar Committee
2. Krishna Commission
3. N. C. Chhibar Committee
4. Paragmal Commission

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16. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

- (1) 200 ක්වර්ණය
- (2) 50 ක්වර්ණය
- (3) 82 ක්වර්ණය
- (4) 300 ක්වර්ණය

17. ව්‍යුහගත වන්නේ

- (1) ව්‍යුහගතවන නිවැරදි
- (2) ව්‍යුහගත නොවන
- (3) ව්‍යුහගතවන නිවැරදි
- (4) ව්‍යුහගත නොවන

18. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ

- (1) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය
- (2) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය
- (3) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය
- (4) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය

19. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

- (1) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (2) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (3) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (4) ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

20. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ

- (1) වර්ණය
- (2) වර්ණය
- (3) වර්ණය
- (4) වර්ණය

21. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

- (1) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (2) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (3) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (4) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

22. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ

- (1) වර්ණය
- (2) වර්ණය
- (3) වර්ණය
- (4) වර්ණය

23. ප්‍රධාන ස්වර්ණයේ වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

- (1) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (2) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (3) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ
- (4) වර්ණය සඳහා වැදගත් වන්නේ

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24. The first fee applies to information by
submitted and of State 1980 and
State 1981 submitted.

(1) 1980 and 1981

(2) 1982

(3) 1983 and 1984

(4) 1985

25. Summary of the State

(1) 1980 and 1981

(2) 1982 and 1983

(3) 1984 and 1985

(4) 1986 and 1987 as per
Committee

26. 1988 and 1989

(1) 1988 and 1989

(2) 1990 and 1991

(3) 1992 and 1993

(4) 1994 and 1995

1996

610001

27. A fee for the production of a
fee schedule for the year 1980 and
1981, and

(1) 1982

(2) 1983

(3) 1984

(4) 1985

28. The purpose of the Public Law of
conference with the Director of
State 1980

(1) 1981

(2) 1982

(3) 1983

(4) 1984

29. In the Committee to investigate
the State of 1980 and 1981
a publication

(1) 1982 and 1983

(2) 1984 and 1985

(3) 1986 and 1987

(4) 1988 and 1989

30. In the case of information received
and an information — 1980
and 1981 and 1982

(1) 1983 and 1984

(2) 1985 and 1986

(3) 1987 and 1988

(4) 1989 and 1990

24. පහත දී ඇති ද්වි පද්මයේ පිහිටි
 සංඛ්‍යා සලකා බලන්න

- (1) 1000000000000
- (2) 100000000000
- (3) 10000000000
- (4) 1000000000

25. පහත දී ඇති ද්වි පද්මයේ

- (1) පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මය
- (2) ද්වි පද්මය
- (3) සංඛ්‍යා සලකා බලන්න
- (4) පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මය

26. පහත දී ඇති සංඛ්‍යා

- (1) පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මය
- (2) ද්වි පද්මය
- (3) පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මය
- (4) පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මය

27. පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මයේ පිහිටි
 සංඛ්‍යා සලකා බලන්න

- (1) 100
- (2) 10
- (3) 1000
- (4) 10000

28. පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මයේ පිහිටි සංඛ්‍යා
 සලකා බලන්න

- (1) 1000000000
- (2) 100000000
- (3) 10000000
- (4) 1000000

29. පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මයේ පිහිටි සංඛ්‍යා
 සලකා බලන්න

- (1) 1000000000
- (2) 100000000
- (3) 10000000
- (4) 1000000

30. පහත සඳහන් ද්වි පද්මයේ පිහිටි සංඛ්‍යා
 සලකා බලන්න

- (1) 1000000000
- (2) 100000000
- (3) 10000000
- (4) 1000000

311. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन चलाना
- (2) विज्ञान
- (3) धर्म का
- (4) अर्थशास्त्र

316. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) विज्ञान
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) शासन
- (4) अर्थशास्त्र

312. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- 1. धर्म का
- 2. शासन
- 3. अर्थशास्त्र
- 4. विज्ञान

317. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) विज्ञान
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) शासन
- (4) अर्थशास्त्र

318. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

319. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

320. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

321. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

322. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

323. कौटिल्य के अनुसार राजा का कर्तव्य क्या है?

- (1) शासन
- (2) धर्म का
- (3) अर्थशास्त्र
- (4) विज्ञान

41. Which one of the following was an important aspect to the Takshila tradition?
- Killera
 - Medicine/doctor
 - Knave/ill
 - Unsanitary
42. The region that was primarily the early centre of Buddhism was
- Uttar Pradesh
 - Uttarakhand
 - Madhya Pradesh
 - West Bengal
43. The famous Pillared Temple at Sarnath, which was inaugurated under the patronage of
- Asoka
 - Kanishka
 - Samudragupta
 - Prataparudra
44. The famous stupa which was a shrine of Ashoka during the reign of Prabhakaravarma was
- Chandrapur
 - Mathura
 - Kanauj
 - Uttar Pradesh
45. Ashoka's famous rock edicts were written by
- Calligrapher
 - King
 - Engraver
 - Artist
46. The famous script of the Buddha period was
- Devanagari
 - Kharoshthi
 - Brahmi
 - Archaic
47. Which one of the following was not a ruler of Gupta's dominions?
- Pushyabhut
 - Chandragupta
 - Skandagupta
 - Samudragupta
48. How popular was the Upanishad in the court of
- Asoka
 - Samudragupta
 - Chandragupta
 - Samudragupta
49. Harsha was a ruler
- of India
 - of Ujjain
 - of Kanauj
 - of the Gupta
50. The famous work of the Buddha period which gives lot of information regarding the social conditions is
- Upanishad
 - Archaic
 - Upanishad
 - Upanishad

11. ಪುನಃ ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾದವರು

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

12. ಕೆಲವು ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಬೆಳಕಿನ ಅಗತ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

13. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

14. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

15. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

16. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

17. ಕೆಲವು ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

18. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

19. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

20. ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ವಿಧದ ಕೆಲವು ಅಂಗಗಳಿವೆ.

- (1) ಮೃಗ
- (2) ಪಕ್ಷಿ
- (3) ಸಸ್ಯ
- (4) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ

61. Who among the following argued that the Muslims who originally took Delag. people?

- (1) Udayal
- (2) F. A. Saad
- (3) Hapitobony
- (4) Oduenberg

62. The Narak manuscript of 440000 verses was issued during the reign of

- (1) Chandern Kelikant
- (2) Shivaji Sunakami
- (3) Chanderprata Anandaji
- (4) Vishalajana Purandari

63. The Vijayanagara ruler who tried to reorganise the military system by recruiting in his army 10,000 Hindu mounted bowmen was

- (1) Devrajaji
- (2) Sri Narayana
- (3) Dehaji
- (4) Srivakana Deva

64. The British who visited the court of Devanaya II was

- (1) Bernhis
- (2) Alton Keppel
- (3) Knauer
- (4) R. King

65. The word 'Srinakshatra' means

- (1) The lord's name
- (2) The worshippers of a god's name
- (3) The people who come from an idol
- (4) The Holy Hill

66. Who wrote the "Eager for Honour"?

- (1) John Smith
- (2) James Munro
- (3) Arthur Hodge
- (4) J. L. White

67. "Sardis Self-Memorial" concerning the "Sardis Memorial" of Sardis was written by:

- (1) T. Munro
- (2) E. H. M. Jones
- (3) R. G. S. Jones
- (4) R. G. S. Jones

68. Anandaji the Tamil ruler was a contemporary of

- (1) Harjuna Rajah
- (2) Devrajaji
- (3) Devrajaji
- (4) Sri Narayana Deva

69. Who was the son of Vasthanti Vijaya?

- (1) Deena
- (2) Vikram
- (3) Pranta
- (4) R. G. S. Jones

70. "Mother, Sarajana" was the poet of

- (1) Pradya Rajah
- (2) Anandaji
- (3) R. G. S. Jones
- (4) Devrajaji

(c)

61. The conduct of all elections in the municipal territory is supervised by
- (1) The State Government
 - (2) Municipal Commission
 - (3) The State Election Commission
 - (4) Municipal Council
62. For a candidate to be eligible for election to any office requires
- (1) 21
 - (2) 25
 - (3) 23
 - (4) 20
63. Each Ward consists of a Municipality, irrespective of population of
- (1) 1000 persons
 - (2) 10000 persons
 - (3) 4000 persons
 - (4) 5000 persons
64. A body consisting of persons appointed in the following manner, namely, a majority of members to be elected as
- (1) Citizens
 - (2) Citizens' representatives
 - (3) Government
 - (4) Government

(c)

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65. The provisions regarding the right of electoral franchise
- (1) Absolute
 - (2) Restricted
 - (3) Full adult suffrage
 - (4) Double vote
66. Art 276 of the Constitution provides the nature of State Taxes which are provided
- (1) Goods tax
 - (2) Property tax
 - (3) Tax on the excise
 - (4) Employment
67. The power is by National Commission for Scheduled Tribes was conferred on Government as
- (1) Art 332A
 - (2) Art 330
 - (3) Art 332B
 - (4) Art 332C
68. Art _____ empowers Government to be Conqueror the 1957 Constitution of Article 31A is inserted
- (1) Extension of 1957 Constitution, 1957
 - (2) Union High Court
 - (3) Dominion Status Act
 - (4) Government Act

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01. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) ජන විමර්ශන,
- (2) සංග්‍රහණය කිරීම
- (3) ජන විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

02. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) 37
- (2) 35
- (3) 40
- (4) 39

03. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන
- (2) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (3) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

04. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන
- (2) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (3) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

05. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (2) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (3) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

06. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (2) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (3) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

07. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන
- (2) විමර්ශන
- (3) විමර්ශන
- (4) විමර්ශන

08. පහත සඳහන් පදවලින් එකක්

- (1) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (2) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (3) විමර්ශන කිරීම
- (4) විමර්ශන කිරීම

68. The SCST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act was notified in
- (A) 1989
 - (B) 1985
 - (C) 1984
 - (D) 1988

69. Law provided in the SCST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act provides for

- (A) Rehabilitation of the victims
- (B) Identifying the victims
- (C) Identifying the causes of the crime
- (D) Identifying persons who are liable

70. The following are the SCST Act which can be carried with by an officer not below the rank of

- (A) Inspector of Police
- (B) D.C.P. (Deputy Commissioner of Police)
- (C) J.C.P. (Additional Deputy Commissioner of Police)
- (D) D.C.P. (Deputy Commissioner of Police)

71. The Scheduled Tribes are classified as

- (A) Primitive tribes
- (B) Advanced
- (C) Modern
- (D) Laid

72. The following judgments of the Supreme Court on the SCST Act are

- (A) *State v. Nirmala* (1984) 1 SCC 724
- (B) *Kumari Harilal*, (1984) 1 SCC 674
- (C) *Reg. Secular* (1984) 1 SCC 674
- (D) *State v. Nirmala* (1984) 1 SCC 724

73. The following Act is notified as an offence under SCST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act

- (A) Employing a member of a tribe of the Scheduled Tribes as a member of a Scheduled Tribe in an educational institution
- (B) Issue of summons of any member of a Scheduled Tribe in a public employment
- (C) Issue of summons of any member of a Scheduled Tribe in a public employment
- (D) Issuance of any member of a Scheduled Tribe in a public employment

74. If a person, not being a member of a SCST, gives false evidence or swears to SCST as a special officer, the punishment for giving false evidence is

- (A) Life imprisonment
- (B) 2 years
- (C) 10 years
- (D) 1 year

68. ಎ. ಸಿ. ಪಿ. ಪಿ.ಎ. (ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ ಹಂತ

- (1) 1988
- (2) 1989
- (3) 1997
- (4) 2002

69. ಎ. ಸಿ. ಪಿ. ಪಿ.ಎ. (ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ - ವಿಧಿಬದ್ಧ

- (1) ಉಚಿತ - ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳಿಗೆ
- (2) ಉಚಿತ ಹೂಡುವುದು
- (3) ಉಚಿತ ತೆರಿಗೆ ವಸೂಲಿ ಇಲ್ಲ
- (4) ಉಚಿತ - ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ

70. ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

- (1) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ
- (2) 2000
- (3) 2001
- (4) 2002

71. ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

- (1) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ
- (2) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ
- (3) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ
- (4) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ

72. ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

- (1) 2000
- (2) 2001
- (3) 2002
- (4) 2003

73. ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

- (1) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ
- (2) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ
- (3) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ
- (4) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

74. ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ ವಸೂಲಿ ಹಂತ

- (1) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸದ ಉಚಿತ
- (2) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ
- (3) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ
- (4) ಉಪ ಕೆಲಸ

76. The Supreme Court makes its final appeal
- (1) 2 times a year
 - (2) scheduled times
 - (3) irregularly
 - (4) whenever cases

77. The Civil Commission for Women
- (1) Took legal action and succeeded in getting the participation of women
 - (2) Took legal action and failed to get the participation of women resulting in deprivation of women's rights
 - (3) It did not have power of a court for investigation
 - (4) It was a mere body

78. The Commission National Commission Security for women for
- (1) women
 - (2) men
 - (3) women
 - (4) women

79. Members for the purpose of the National Commission for Minorities were Commission selected by
- (1) the Federal Government
 - (2) the State Government
 - (3) the Parliament
 - (4) the National Commission for Minorities

80. The income of _____ relations was protected under Art. 243
- (1) Lingayat
 - (2) Marathas
 - (3) Ezhava
 - (4) Sanyal Rajputs

81. The National Human Rights Commission was established in
- (1) 1990
 - (2) 1988
 - (3) 1991
 - (4) 1989

82. The Chief Justice of the National Human Rights Commission is appointed by
- (1) Chief Justice of Supreme Court
 - (2) Chief Justice of High Court
 - (3) Justice of Supreme Court
 - (4) Justice of High Court

83. On completion of its function the State Human Rights Commission
- (1) have to send the report to the Government
 - (2) if any complaint by the Government or any other body damages
 - (3) to send with a copy to the Government
 - (4) if any body has filed a complaint

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26. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

27. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

28. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) 2000
- (2) 3000
- (3) 4000
- (4) 5000

29. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

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30. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

31. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) 1999
- (2) 1998
- (3) 1997
- (4) 1995

32. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

33. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ്

- (1) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (2) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (3) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്
- (4) സ്പെർമിറ്റോസൈറ്റ്

84. In every financial year, the significant financial court
1. Court of Audit
 2. Comptroller
 3. Purchase
 4. State Bank
85. The two Houses of Parliament
1. Do not differ from each other in any respect
 2. Are constituted to exercise the sole of the State responsibility to Rajya Sabha
 3. Do not enjoy equal status
 4. Are constituted by indirect elections
86. Parliamentary Privileges
1. are available only to members of a House
 2. are provided by Standing Orders
 3. are available to all persons entitled to speak and take part in the proceedings of a House or any of its committees
 4. are available only to members
87. According to Article 248 during the operation of emergency
1. The Parliament has no power to make laws
 2. The Parliament has power to make laws only in matters of the Union List
 3. The P. Council has power to make laws both for the Union List and the State List but such laws will have to be passed on the basis of a resolution after the proclamation of emergency has ceased to operate
 4. The Parliament has power to make laws both from the Union List and the State List, and such laws can continue after the proclamation of emergency has ceased to operate
88. The scope of emergency in Union Control Law and State Law
1. The Central Law will prevail without any exception
 2. The State Law will prevail without any exception
 3. Both the laws will be treated down to nullity
 4. If the State Law is within the Concurrent List it will prevail subject to the effect of the President
89. The influence of President of India on the ministers
1. Is that he may not recommend any minister before putting the vote of approval
 2. Is merely procedural
 3. Is mentioned in the Constitution
 4. Is not provided in the Constitution
90. As the reservation Quota accorded to MP2 for Third Nadu Law was placed beyond judicial review in Schedule
1. Is
 2. A
 3. X
 4. XI

90. Who was the first chief minister of India's first Government of Andhra Pradesh?

- (1) K.V. Reddy Naidu
- (2) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (3) N. Tarama Chetty
- (4) B. Hanumanth Reddy

95. The editor of The Andhra Prabha was

- (1) N. Koteswara
- (2) H. Hanumanth Rao
- (3) A. C. Narayana Murthy Swamy
- (4) A. Krishna Rao

95. The first pavilion of the Andhra Congress Centre was

- (1) Sanku Venkata Rao
- (2) D. V. Reddy
- (3) K. Sanku Srinath
- (4) N. Venkata Srinath Rao

96. Who was the chief minister of Andhra Pradesh in 1967?

- (1) K. Hanumanth
- (2) K.V. Reddy
- (3) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (4) Koteswara

98. Who was the first deputy chief minister of Andhra Pradesh?

- (1) K. Sanku Reddy
- (2) A. Sanku Srinath Rao
- (3) D. V. Sanku Reddy
- (4) C. Hanumanth

99. The first national film festival in Hyderabad was

- (1) Chittoor Rajeswar Rao
- (2) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (3) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (4) Chittoor Rajeswar Reddy

99. Who was the founder of Indian National Congress?

- (1) Anandji Keshu
- (2) Dr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (3) Mahatma G. K. Reddy
- (4) Mahatma Mahatma

99. The first national film festival in Hyderabad was

- (1) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (2) Chittoor Rajeswar
- (3) Chittoor
- (4) Chittoor Rajeswar

11. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതു പ്രത്യേകത കൂടിയതാണ്?

- 1. ജീവജാലങ്ങൾ
- 2. അപരജീവജാലങ്ങൾ
- 3. സൂക്ഷ്മജീവികൾ
- 4. സസ്യജീവികൾ

12. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം പ്രകാശം ആഗിരണം ചെയ്യുന്നു?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

13. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

14. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

15. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

16. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

17. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

18. ഏതൊരു ജീവജാലം കഴിഞ്ഞുപോകാൻ സാധിക്കും?

- 1. മനുഷ്യൻ
- 2. പക്ഷി
- 3. സസ്യം
- 4. സസ്തനം

98. Which was the capital of Andhra State?
- Hyderabad
 - Madras
 - Karnool
 - Wardhah
99. Find out the wrong match:
- Chandrababu Naidu - Andhra Pradesh
 - Y.S. Jagananna - Andhra Pradesh
 - Ke. Chandrababu Naidu - Andhra Pradesh
 - Y.S. Jagananna - Andhra Pradesh
100. Which of the following is correct with regard to family structure?
- Family was Patriarchal
 - Family was matriarchal
 - Family was patriarchal but Jangama was matrilineal
 - Both family and Jangama was patriarchal
101. In which year the manufacture of steel was established?
- 1908
 - 1918
 - 1928
 - 1938
102. In which year the Hyderabad was merged with India?
- 1956
 - 1953
 - 1954
 - 1957
103. In which year the Hyderabad was merged with India?
- 1956
 - 1953
 - 1954
 - 1957
104. Who was the first Governor of Andhra Pradesh?
- B. C. Allexander
 - C. K. Prahalad
 - K. Chandrababu Naidu
 - A. K. Jagananna
105. The Editor of the Andhra daily newspaper "Pravasi" was
- M. Narayana Reddy
 - K. Chandrababu Naidu
 - K. C. Reddy
 - M. Chandrababu Naidu
106. Before the advent of the Indian Constitution (1950), India was governed by
- Government of India Act, 1950
 - Government of India Act, 1935
 - Government of India Act, 1915
 - Government of India Act, 1948

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98. ആദ്യം പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചത്:

- (1) 1936
- (2) 1937
- (3) 1938
- (4) 1939

99. ഈ പുസ്തകത്തിൽ എന്താണ് സാഹചര്യം
ഉൾപ്പെടുന്നത്?

- (1) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (2) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (3) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (4) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം

100. അമേരിക്കയിൽ സാഹചര്യം എന്താണ്
സാഹചര്യം?

- (1) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (2) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (3) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (4) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം

101. അമേരിക്കയിൽ സാഹചര്യം എന്താണ്
സാഹചര്യം?

- (1) 1936
- (2) 1937
- (3) 1938
- (4) 1939

102. ആദ്യം പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചത്:

- (1) 1936
- (2) 1937
- (3) 1938
- (4) 1939

103. ഈ പുസ്തകത്തിൽ എന്താണ് സാഹചര്യം
ഉൾപ്പെടുന്നത്?

- (1) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (2) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (3) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (4) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം

104. അമേരിക്കയിൽ സാഹചര്യം എന്താണ്
സാഹചര്യം?

- (1) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (2) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (3) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം
- (4) അമേരിക്കയിലെ സാഹചര്യം

105. അമേരിക്കയിൽ സാഹചര്യം എന്താണ്
സാഹചര്യം?

- (1) 1936
- (2) 1937
- (3) 1938
- (4) 1939

107. The Power to levy Taxation

- (1) Indirect tax levied from which the Constitution arises
- (2) It is not applicable to the Chief Justice
- (3) It is not an essential constituent of the Government
- (4) It is not an essential part of the Constitution

108. The four concepts that form a part in the Essential or Basic Rights are

- (1) Freedom
- (2) Equality
- (3) Liberty
- (4) Rights

109. The term _____ was not present originally in the Constitution but was added in the 42nd Amendment in 1973

- (1) Gender
- (2) Liberty
- (3) Equality
- (4) Right

110. The term _____ in the Preamble of the Constitution denotes the fact that it is not subject to any external authority

- (1) Liberty
- (2) Sovereignty
- (3) Equality
- (4) Freedom

111. So when does the term _____ judge

- (1) Mandatory
- (2) Discretionary
- (3) Administrative
- (4) Executive

112. Fundamental Duties enshrined in the Constitution are in accordance with

- (1) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (2) UDHR
- (3) ICESCR
- (4) ICESD
- (5) ICESR

113. To realize the Right to _____

- (1) a workers' organization
- (2) a fair wage and other
- (3) a just and reasonable
- (4) the right to law collection

107. ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಕೆಲವು ವಲಸಿಗರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

- (1) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಹಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (3) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಹಲವು ಭಾಗ
- (4) ಹಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು

111. ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಿ

- (1) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (3) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (4) ಹಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

108. ಉಳಿದ ಕೆಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹಲವು ಭಾಗ

- (1) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (3) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (4) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

(1) ಹಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

112. ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

- (1) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (2) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (3) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (4) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ

109. ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

- (1) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (3) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (4) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

113. ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

- (1) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (3) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (4) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ

110. ಈ ವಲಸಿಗರು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

- (1) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (2) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (3) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ
- (4) ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ

113. Fundamental rights were granted to citizens of India in April 1950 in the form of

- (1) Directive Principles of State Policy
- (2) Fundamental Rights
- (3) Fundamental Duties
- (4) Economic Principles

114. Fundamental rights are derived mainly from

- (1) The State
- (2) Corporation
- (3) Women
- (4) International Law

115. The doctrine of sub-judice means that a particular law is not to be considered with fundamental rights and not kept in abeyance from the courts because of its being subject of the court's jurisdiction.

- (1) Judicial review
- (2) Justice
- (3) Rights
- (4) Fundamental rights

116. According to Article 13(1) of the Constitution of India, the State shall not make any law that takes away or abridges the fundamental rights.

- (1) Article 11, 2
- (2) Article 11, 3
- (3) Article 11, 4
- (4) Article 11, 5

118. _____ means that all laws commenced after shall come under the ambit of fundamental rights with the fundamental rights.

- (1) Article 13(1)
- (2) Article 13(2)
- (3) Article 13(3)
- (4) Article 13(4)

119. Article 14 deals

- (1) Equality before law
- (2) Equal opportunity
- (3) Reasonable classification
- (4) Human dignity

120. Article 13(2) does not include the word

- (1) reservation of minority
- (2) equality
- (3) equality of men and women
- (4) equality before law
- (5) reservation of power of parliament

114. 2006 අගෝස්තු 15 දිනට පසුව, ලෝක සෞඛ්‍ය සංවිධානය විසින් ප්‍රකාශ කළ ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

118. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

119. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

118. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

118. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

119. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

117. ප්‍රකාශනයකට අනුව, 2006 වසරේ ලෝකයේ මරණයට පත්වූ පිරිසේ සංඛ්‍යාව

- (A) 59.7 ක් විය
- (B) 59.8 ක් විය
- (C) 59.9 ක් විය
- (D) 60.0 ක් විය

195. The Vedic Sanskrit text, as edited and was reconstructed by
1. Pedersen
 2. Luce
 3. Casson
 4. Ashmole
196. The Kalhana's *Rajatarangini* was composed in the Kashmiri language
1. Hindi
 2. Malayalam
 3. Kutchi
 4. Punjabi
197. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
198. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
199. According to P. H. Raverty, which of the following was not known to the Ashoka in the subject?
1. Hindu
 2. Buddhist
 3. Jain
 4. Zoroastrian
200. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
201. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
202. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
203. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
204. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
205. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
206. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
207. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
208. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
209. The eastern border was fixed in the East during the reign of Purnvartan
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka
210. The eastern border of the kingdom of "Maharashtra" was defined in the Kalyan inscription of
1. Ashoka
 2. Ashoka
 3. Ashoka
 4. Ashoka

124. കേരളത്തിലെ ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം ഏതാണ്?
 1. കോട്ടയം
 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

125. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
 1. കോട്ടയം
 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

126. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
 1. കോട്ടയം
 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

127. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
 1. കോട്ടയം
 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

128. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
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 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

129. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
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 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

130. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
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 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

131. താഴെ പറയുന്നവയിൽ ഏതാണ് ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ ജനവാസമുള്ള നഗരം?
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 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

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 1. കോട്ടയം
 2. തൃശ്ശൂർ
 3. മലപ്പുറം
 4. മുംബൈ

181. Who did considerable work in providing of education in Kerala?

- (A) The Christian missionaries
- (B) The Company
- (C) The British
- (D) The Government

182. The Marathi movement of the 19th century was

- (A) 1817
- (B) 1841
- (C) 1857
- (D) 1877

183. What was the main backbone of social reform?

- (A) Education
- (B) Land
- (C) Socialism
- (D) Religion

184. The first social reformer to be appointed to Government service was

- (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (B) Jyotiba Phule
- (C) Sree Narayana Guru
- (D) Chattampi Swamikal

185. Who was the first to start a weekly journal in Kerala?

- (A) Chattampi Swamikal
- (B) K. P. P. C. Chandy
- (C) K. P. J.
- (D) K. P. J.

186. In what year was the Kerala State Employees' Union established?

- (A) 1918
- (B) 1948
- (C) 1957
- (D) 1978

187. The first Malayalam journal was first published from Kollam in

- (A) 1840
- (B) 1841
- (C) 1842
- (D) 1843

188. When was the Gandhian movement started in Kerala?

- (A) 1920
- (B) 1930
- (C) 1940
- (D) 1950

189. Who is considered the father of Malayalam literature?

- (A) Chattampi Swamikal
- (B) K. P. P. C. Chandy
- (C) K. P. J.
- (D) K. P. J.

190. Who was the first to start a weekly journal in Kerala?

- (A) Chattampi Swamikal
- (B) K. P. P. C. Chandy
- (C) K. P. J.
- (D) K. P. J.

114. ಕೆಲವು ಉಪಗ್ರಹಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಿ ಕೊಡುವ ಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನು

- 1. ಸಂಭವಿಸಿಲ್ಲ
- 2. ಕಡಿಮೆಯಾಗಿದೆ
- 3. ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿದೆ
- 4. ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿದೆ

115. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1971
- 2. 1972
- 3. 1973
- 4. 1974

116. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

117. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

118. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

119. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

117. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

118. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

119. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

118. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದುದು :

- 1. 1970
- 2. 1971
- 3. 1972
- 4. 1973

141. In which year did the first railway line was opened in Madhya Pradesh?
- 1878
 - 1879
 - 1880
 - 1885
142. The first railway line in Madhya Pradesh was constructed in the year started by
- Kalkaji Subba Rao
 - K. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao
 - B. Subba Rao
143. Who started the first English paper in MP?
- P. S. Narayan
 - T. Prakashan
 - H. Subba Rao
 - K. Subba Rao
144. Who was the first vice-chancellor of Amara University?
- A. Subba Rao
 - G. Subba Rao
 - H. Subba Rao
 - I. Subba Rao
145. Who established the first 'Gandhi' Museum in India?
- A. Subba Rao
 - B. Subba Rao
 - C. Subba Rao
 - D. Subba Rao
146. Who was the first Telugu film director?
- K. Subba Rao
 - L. Subba Rao
 - M. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao
147. Who was the first Telugu film actor?
- K. Subba Rao
 - L. Subba Rao
 - M. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao
148. Who was the first Telugu film actress?
- K. Subba Rao
 - L. Subba Rao
 - M. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao
149. Who was the first Telugu film producer?
- K. Subba Rao
 - L. Subba Rao
 - M. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao
150. Who was the first Telugu film distributor?
- K. Subba Rao
 - L. Subba Rao
 - M. Subba Rao
 - N. Subba Rao

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136) 3	137) 1	138) 3	139) 3	140) 2
141) 3	142) 1	143) 2	144) 2	145) 4
146) 2	147) 4	148) 1	149) 4	150) 3